

Evaluating the Performance and Effectiveness of Roundabouts

Presented by:

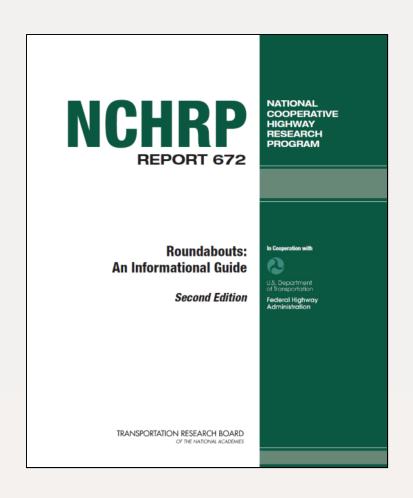
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Study Objectives

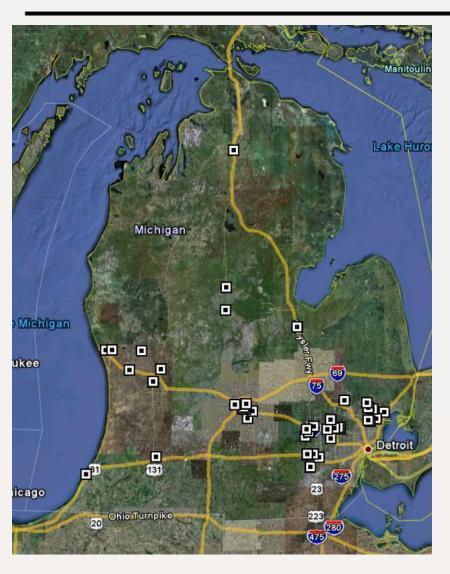
- Determine the impact on crashes at locations where roundabouts have been installed
- Observe roundabout operations including truck maneuvers
- Identify the key geometric configurations and site characteristics that influence safety, performance and return on investment

Literature & Best Practices Review





Identify Roundabouts



97 Roundabouts identified in Michigan

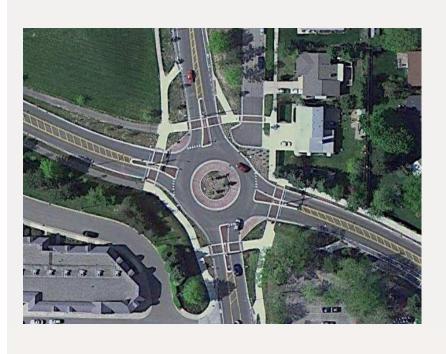
58 Roundabouts included in the analysis

- 47 Converted Sites
- 11 New Build Sites

15 sites - detailed reviews



Site Visits



- Walk-through
- Review of geometric design
- Observe operations
- Consider road user visibility at night
- Review truck turning maneuvers
- Review traffic control devices
- Treatment and transition of nonmotorized facilities
- Modifications made by MDOT to roundabouts
- Traffic Counts
- Speed Studies

Traffic Conflicts

- "Near Misses"
- Key surrogate measure for safety performance
- Collected at following roundabouts;
 - M-47 & M-37
 - NB M-53 Ramp & 26 Mile
 - SB M-53 Ramp & 26 Mile
 - M-53/Van Dyke & 18 ½ Mile



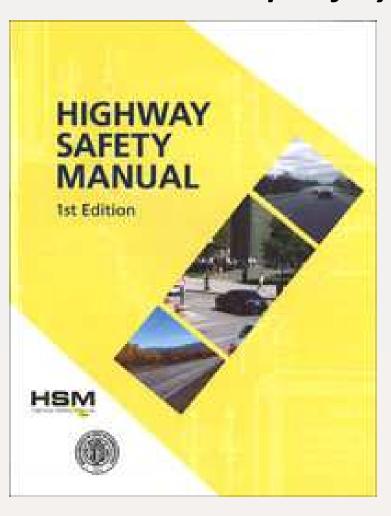
Data Collection



- Crash data at treatment sites – before/after
- Crash data at reference sites – before/after
- Traffic Volumes before/after
- Geometric and operational characteristics
- Implementation Dates

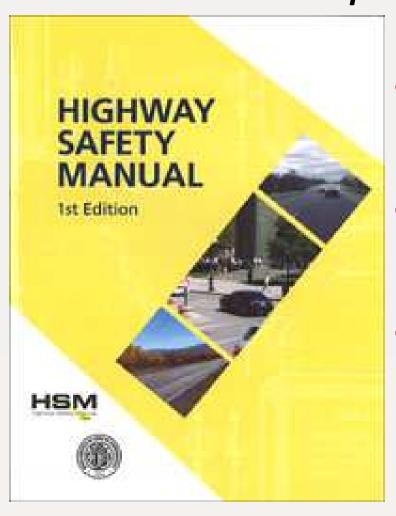


Develop Safety Performance Functions



- Utilized sites without roundabouts (stop/signal controlled, urban/rural) for the Empirical Bayes (EB) analysis
- Attempted to calibrate new SPFs with Michigan data, but was unsuccessful at a 90% confidence interval or greater
- Utilized the HSM calibration procedure to adapt SafetyAnalyst SPFs

Empirical-Bayes Analysis



- Estimates change in crashes by severity (total and fatal+injury crashes)
- Uses SPFs to account for regression-to-mean, crash trends, changes in traffic
- Scientifically rigorous –
 SafetyAnalyst and HSM
 Methodology

Two-Way Stop → Roundabout



US-127BR & Mission Street
Clare County

Total Crashes=+9.5%

Fatal & Injury Crashes=-42%



Two-Way Stop at Interchange → Roundabout



• Fatal & Injury

Crashes=-58%

Crashes=+24%

Total

M-14 & Maple Road Interchange
Washtenaw County

Signal -> Signal or Double Lane Roundabout



Utica & Dodge Park
Macomb County

Total Crashes=-22%

Fatal & Injury Crashes=-70%



Signal → Triple Lane Roundabout



Total Crashes+98%

Fatal & Injury Crashes=-20%

14 Mile & Farmington
Oakland County

Site Type by	CMF	
Condition before conversion	Total	Injury
All sites	1.346	0.583
All sites minus triple lane	1.002	0.488
One or two way Stop-controlled (All)	1.117	0.558
One or two way stop controlled at interchange	1.247	0.419
One or two way stop controlled not at interchange	1.095	0.581
All-way stop-controlled	1.026	0.636
Signalized (single and double lane roundabouts)	0.783	0.300
Signalized (triple lane roundabouts)	1.975	0.801

 $Crashes/year = exp^{\alpha}(AADT)^{\beta_1} exp^{(\beta_2*Type+IC*\beta_3)}$

Model	α (s.e.)	β1 (s.e.)	β2 (s.e.)	β3 (s.e.)	k (s.e.)
Total	1 lane -4.5958 (1.2851) 2 lane -3.8074 (1.2621)	0.5253 (0.1274)	-0.7884 (0.2423)	0.6988 (0.3710)	0.4839 (0.1266)
Injury	1 lane: -6.4109 (1.8322) 2 lane: -5.7287 (1.8066)	0.4788 (0.1795)	-0.6822 (0.3051)	0.7850 (0.5733)	0.2460 (0.1933)

Operational Analysis

Calculate change in LOS and delay at select treatment sites using RODEL software

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
                     10.00
                             25.00
7.30
                       3.65
                             30.00
                     30.00
                     40.00
                          933
                               000 0
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                          715
                                              563
1668
                                        715
                                611
                               0.00
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                                  Ø
                                          F4fact F6stats
                              CtrlF3rev
                                                            F8econ
```

Operational Analysis

AM Peak Period					
		Before"	"	After"	
Intersection	LOS	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Delay (sec/veh)	% change
EB M-14 Ramps at Maple Road	F	105.5	Α	6.5	93.8%
WB M-14 Ramps at Maple Road	D	34.2	Α	5.1	85.1%
Huron Parkway at Nixon Road	В	22.3	Α	5.7	74.4%
Maple Road at Drake Road	D	35.0**	Α	5.7	83.7%
Maple Road at Farmington Road	F	80.0**	Α	7.7	90.4%
** denotes an assumed value					

Operational Analysis

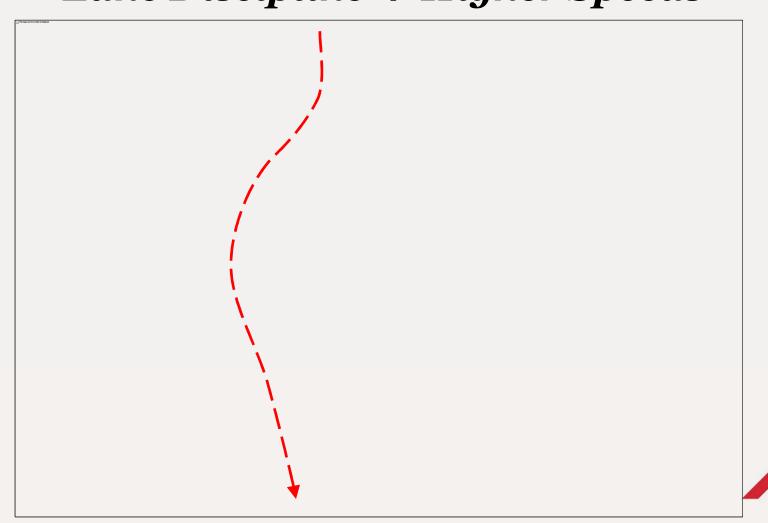
PM Peak Period					
		"Before"		After"	%
Intersection	LOS	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Delay (sec/veh)	Change
EB M-14 Ramps at Maple Road	E	37.1	Α	6.5	82.5%
WB M-14 Ramps at Maple Road	С	16.0	Α	3.7	76.9%
Huron Parkway at Nixon Road	В	19.5	Α	6.8	65.1%
Maple Road at Drake Road	Е	55.0**	Α	6.4	88.4%
Maple Road at Farmington Road	Е	55.0**	Α	9.5	82.7%
** denotes an assumed value					

Economic Analysis

Type	Time of Return (years)
Single Lane Roundabout	0.8
Double Lane Roundabout	1.2
Triple Lane Roundabout	0.9

Findings

Lane Discipline → Higher Speeds



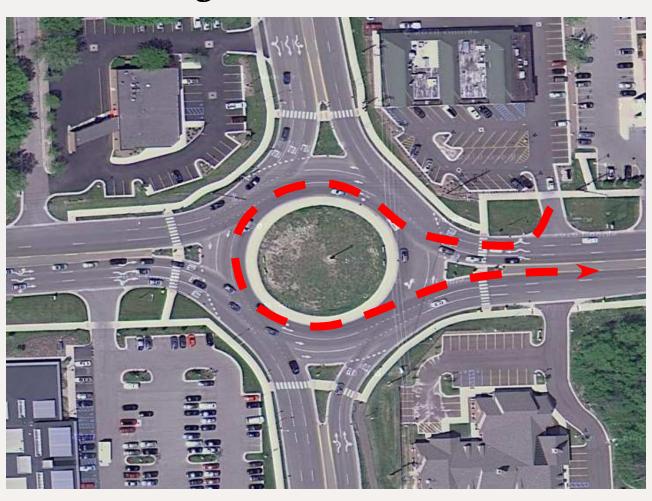
Findings

Merging on Exit Legs



Findings

Driveways Near Roundabouts



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